ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of

HARDIN COUNTY, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019



HARDIN COUNTY, TEXAS TABLE OF CONTENTS

September 30, 2019

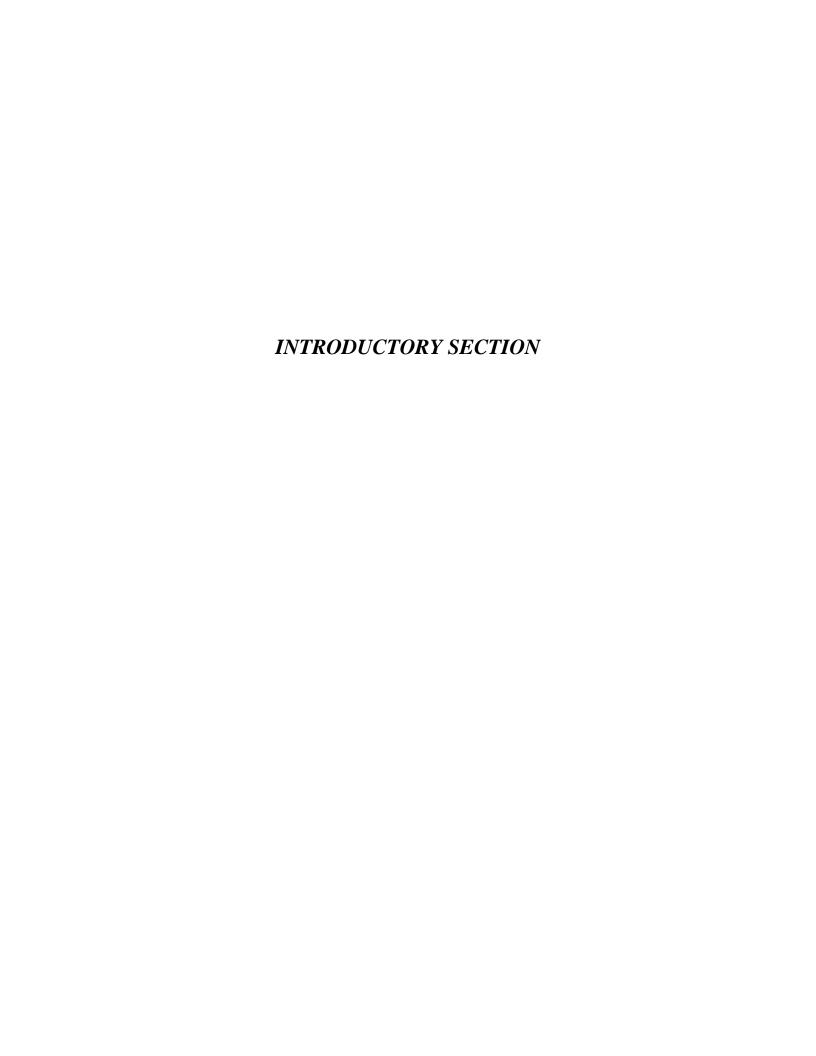
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LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS September 30, 2019

COMMISSIONERS' COURT:

Wayne McDaniel County Judge

L.W. Cooper, Jr
Chris Kirkendall
Commissioner, Precinct #1
Commissioner, Precinct #2
Ken Pelt
Commissioner, Precinct #3
Alvin Roberts
Commissioner, Precinct #4

JUDICIAL:

David Sheffield District Attorney
Dana Hogg District Clerk

LEGAL:

Rebecca Walton County Attorney

COUNTY COURT:

Glenda Alston County Clerk

JUSTICE COURTS:

Chris Ingram

Charles Brewer

Tommy "T.J." Hall

Kent Walker

Melissa Minton

Justice of Peace, Precinct #2

Justice of Peace, Precinct #3

Justice of Peace, Precinct #4

Justice of Peace, Precinct #4

Justice of Peace, Precinct #5

Justice of Peace, Precinct #5

Justice of Peace, Precinct #6

LAW ENFORCEMENT:

Mark Davis County Sheriff

Carlos Montalvo
Constable, Precinct #1
Ben Hawthorne
Constable, Precinct #2
Bill Overstreet
Constable, Precinct #3
Mark Ames
Constable, Precinct #4
Danny Sullins
Constable, Precinct #5
Ross Jordan
Constable, Precinct #6

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION:

Shirley Cook Tax Assessor/Collector
Deborah McWilliams County Treasurer
Angela Gore County Auditor*

^{*}Designated appointed official. All others are elected.

FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Hardin County, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hardin County, Texas (the "County"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") liabilities and related ratios, and schedule of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 19, 2020 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part

of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

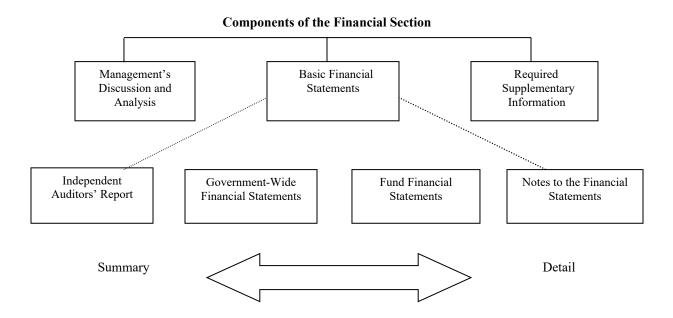
BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas June 19, 2020 MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Hardin County, Texas (the "County") for the year ending September 30, 2019. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the County's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT



The County's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information for the County as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the County as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the County's financial statements, report information on the County's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the County. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the County.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are reported as one class of activity:

1. Governmental Activities — The County's basic services are reported here including general government, administration of justice, roads and bridges, public safety, health and human services, community enrichment, and tax administration. Interest payments on the County's debt are also reported here. Property tax, court fines, and other fees finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the County. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal reporting requirements. The two categories of County funds are governmental and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 53 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, road and bridge, and Hurricane Harvey funds, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes. The debt service fund did not meet the technical criteria to be reported as a major fund, however the County has elected to present it as major due to its significance.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, road and bridge, and select special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general, road and bridge, and select special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County maintains four fiduciary funds. The County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, this MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general and road and bridge funds and a schedule of changes in net pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liabilities and related ratios, and schedule of contributions for the Texas County and District Retirement System. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$19,867,131 as of September 30, 2019. This compares with \$17,479,448 from the prior fiscal year. A portion of the County's net position, 74 percent, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., construction in progress, building, equipment, and infrastructure) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

	Governmental Activities				
		2019	2018		
Current and other assets	\$	13,902,721	\$	13,742,127	
Capital assets, net		17,708,610		16,231,264	
Total Assets		31,611,331		29,973,391	
Deferred charge on refunding		19,769		24,711	
Deferred outflows - pensions		4,612,036		1,653,409	
Deferred outflows - OPEB		67,177		-	
Total Deferred Outflows					
of Resources		4,698,982		1,678,120	
				_	
Long-term liabilities		13,755,176		8,997,682	
Other liabilities		2,142,825		3,535,629	
Total Liabilities		15,898,001		12,533,311	
Deferred inflows - pensions		545,181		1,638,752	
Total Deferred Inflows					
of Resources		545,181		1,638,752	
Net Position:					
Net investment in capital assets		14,783,115		13,243,701	
Restricted		3,280,707		3,329,354	
Unrestricted		1,803,309		906,393	
Total Net Position	\$	19,867,131	\$	17,479,448	
			_		

A portion of the County's net position, \$3,280,707 or 17 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$1,803,309 or 9 percent, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

The overall net position increased by \$2,387,683. Capital assets increased \$1,477,346 primarily due to the completion of the Sour Lake Retention Pond project during the fiscal year. The deferred outflows of resources increased by \$3,020,862 primarily due to deferred losses on investment earnings on pension plan assets. Total liabilities increased by \$3,364,690 mainly due to the increase in pension and OPEB liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the County's changes in net position:

	Governmental Activities				
		2019		2018	
Revenues					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	4,049,712	\$	4,068,339	
Operating grants and contributions		4,406,889		6,563,884	
General revenues:					
Taxes		18,221,246		17,718,517	
Investment income		247,981		128,755	
Other revenues		506,976		695,760	
Total Revenues		27,432,804		29,175,255	
Expenses					
General government		5,448,950		3,159,319	
Administration of justice		4,587,438		4,282,092	
Roads and bridges		5,382,205		4,349,037	
Public safety		7,567,383		11,858,363	
Health and human services		985,235	786,96		
Community enrichment		119,780	103,790		
Tax administration		900,685		872,126	
Interest on long-term debt		53,445		69,982	
Total Expenses		25,045,121		25,481,672	
Change in Net Position		2,387,683		3,693,583	
Beginning net position		17,479,448		13,785,865	
Ending Net Position	\$	19,867,131	\$	17,479,448	

Overall, governmental activities revenue decreased \$1,742,451 primarily as a result of a decrease in operating grants and contributions and other revenues. Total governmental activities expenses also decreased from the prior year by \$436,551. This decrease can be attributed to the decrease in public safety expenses due to the fewer expenses related to Hurricane Harvey, offset by increases in general government and roads and bridges expenses related to increases in pension and OPEB liabilities during the year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the year.

The County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$8,790,446. Of this, \$5,231,717 is unassigned and available for day-to-day operations of the County, \$17,143 is restricted for debt service, \$1,955,630 is restricted for road and bridge projects, \$1,307,934 is restricted within the County's special revenue funds, and \$278,022 is considered as nonspendable for prepaids.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$5,892,985. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 36 percent of total general fund expenditures while total fund balance represents 37 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Fund balance in the general fund experienced an increase of \$212,493 due to increases in taxes, fines and fees, and interest income revenues for the County. The fund balance in the road and bridge fund experienced a decrease of \$4,382 due to increases in public transportation expense for the County. The County's Hurricane Harvey fund experienced an increase of \$1,330,212 in fund balance that can be attributed to prior year hurricane-related expenditures reimbursed by Federal Emergency Management Agency as of fiscal year end. The fund balance in the debt service fund experienced an increase of \$302 due to an increase in property tax revenue during the year offset with an increase in principal payments on debt. There was an overall increase as result of Hurricane Harvey revenues in the combined fund balance of \$1,499,577 from the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Budgeted general fund revenues were over final actual revenues by \$28,059 during the year. This net negative variance is primarily attributable to the original budgeted amount for taxes exceeding the actual amount collected. General fund disbursements were under the final budget by \$1,028,133. The largest positive expenditure variance was in commissioners' court for \$462,767 as a result of less expenditures than anticipated in contingency and case management software.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of fiscal year 2019, the County had invested \$17,708,610 in a variety of capital assets and infrastructure (net of accumulated depreciation). Major capital asset events during the current year include the following:

- Commissioners court building \$117,415
- Justice of the Peace # 2 building \$84,638
- Public safety vehicles \$264,705
- Election equipment \$263,800
- Sour Lake Project retention pond \$4,260,255
- Road and bridge equipment \$728,135

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

More detailed information on the County's capital assets can be found in note III.C. to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the year, the County reported total general obligation bonds, certificates of obligation, and capital leases of \$1,786,874. The County issued \$340,838 of new capital lease obligations during fiscal year 2019.

More detailed information on the County's long-term liabilities can be found in note III.D. to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County experienced an increase in ad valorem revenue during the current year and is projected to have an 8.6% increase in the property tax revenue in the 2020 fiscal budget. Although the fiscal year 2020 tax rate of \$0.580 is a decrease from fiscal year 2019 tax rate of \$0.585, this expected increase is primarily due to an increase in the certified values and new property in the County. The consolidated adopted rate for fiscal year 2020 is \$0.580.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the finances of the County. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Hardin County Auditor, Hardin County, 300 W. Monroe, P.O. Box 2996, Hardin County, Texas, 77625; telephone 409-246-5130.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

		Primary Government Governmental
		Activities
Assets Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 9,672,206
Receivables, net		3,936,507
Prepaids		278,712
Due from other units		15,296
Due from outer units	Total Current Assets	13,902,721
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable		1,331,267
Net depreciable capital assets		16,377,343
	Total Noncurrent Assets	17,708,610
	Total Assets	31,611,331
<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		
Deferred charge on refunding		19,769
Deferred outflows - pensions		4,612,036
Deferred outflows - OPEB	T	67,177
Liabilities	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,698,982
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		1,385,802
Accrued interest payable		21,488
Due to other governments		36,777
Unearned revenue		698,758
	Total Current Liabilities	2,142,825
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Long-term liabilities due within one year		1,014,801
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	•	12,740,375
,	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	13,755,176
	Total Liabilities	15,898,001
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Deferred inflows - pensions		545,181
	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	545,181
Not Desition		
Net investment in capital assets		14,783,115
Restricted for:		17,/03,113
Road and bridge		1,955,630
Debt service		17,143
Other purposes		1,307,934
Unrestricted		1,803,309
	Total Net Position	\$ 19,867,131
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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Program Revenues						
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Governmental Activities:									
General government	\$	5,448,950	\$	1,557,303	\$	1,402,305	\$	(2,489,342)	
Administration of justice		4,587,438		178,674		136,499		(4,272,265)	
Roads and bridges		5,382,205		2,313,735		644,100		(2,424,370)	
Public safety		7,567,383		-		2,223,985		(5,343,398)	
Health and human services		985,235		-		-		(985,235)	
Community enrichment		119,780		-		-		(119,780)	
Tax administration		900,685		-		-		(900,685)	
Interest and fiscal charges		53,445						(53,445)	
Total Governmental Activities	\$	25,045,121	\$	4,049,712	\$	4,406,889		(16,588,520)	
			Ger	neral Revenue	s:				
			T	axes				18,221,246	
			Iı	nvestment inco	me			247,981	
			C	ther revenues				506,976	
				Total	Gene	ral Revenues		18,976,203	
				Cha	nge in	Net Position		2,387,683	
			Beg	inning net posi	ition			17,479,448	
				E	nding	Net Position	\$	19,867,131	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2019

		General		Road and Bridge		Iurricane Harvey		Debt Service
<u>Assets</u>								_
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,843,408	\$	1,701,811	\$	1	\$	17,072
Receivables, net		2,554,072		454,820		81,002		57,491
Prepaids		271,771		661		-		-
Due from other funds		755,660		547,463		-		-
Due from other units		14,648			_			- _
Total Assets	\$	9,439,559	\$	2,704,755	\$	81,003	\$	74,563
<u>Liabilities</u>	Φ	717.464	ф	250 505	Φ.	0.207	Ф	
Accounts payable	\$	717,464	\$	259,785	\$	9,207	\$	-
Accrued wages		220,765		53,296		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		630,206		-
Due to other governments		354		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-				102,858		
Total Liabilities		938,583		313,081		742,271		
Defenned Inflores of Desenvers								
<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> Unavailable revenue - grant								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		2,336,220		435,383		-		57,420
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,336,220		435,383				57,420
Total Deferred filliows of Resources		2,330,220	-	433,363				37,420
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		271,771		661		_		_
Restricted:		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,						
Road and bridge		_		1,955,630		_		_
Debt service		_		-		_		17,143
Special revenue funds		_		_		_		
Unassigned		5,892,985		_		(661,268)		_
Total Fund Balances		6,164,756		1,956,291		(661,268)		17,143
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		0,10.,.00		-,> = -,-> 1		(001,200)		17,110
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	9,439,559	\$	2,704,755	\$	81,003	\$	74,563

Nonmajor vernmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,109,914 789,122 6,280	\$ 9,672,206 3,936,507 278,712
\$ 648 2,905,964	1,303,123 15,296 \$ 15,205,844
\$ 125,285	\$ 1,111,741 274,061
672,917 36,423 595,900	1,303,123 36,777 698,758
1,430,525	3,424,460
 84,000 77,915 161,915	84,000 2,906,938 2,990,938
5,590	278,022
- -	1,955,630 17,143
 1,307,934 - 1,313,524	1,307,934 5,231,717 8,790,446
\$ 2,905,964	\$ 15,205,844

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 8,790,446
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different	
because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial	
resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	
Nondepreciable capital assets	1,331,267
Depreciable capital assets, net	16,377,343
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Deferred inflows - property taxes	2,906,938
Deferred inflows - grant	84,000
Deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pension activity and other post-employment	
benefits (OPEB) are not current financial resources and, therefore, not reported	
in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows - pensions	4,612,036
Deferred inflows - pensions	(545,181)
Deferred outflows - OPEB	67,177
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and,	
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(21,488)
Deferred charge on refunding	19,769
Long-term liabilities due within one year	(1,014,801)
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	(12,740,375)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 19,867,131

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	General	Road and Bridge	Hurricane Harvey	Debt Service
Revenues		8	 v	_
Taxes	\$ 14,775,362	\$ 2,675,346	\$ -	\$ 339,722
Intergovernmental	_	_	1,625,155	-
Fines and fees	1,219,504	563,678	-	-
Licenses and permits	133,024	1,750,057	-	-
Investment income	246,190	-	-	420
Other revenues	74,826	998	115,843	-
Total Revenues	16,448,906	4,990,079	1,740,998	340,142
Expenditures				
General government	4,742,183	-	-	800
Administration of justice	3,618,920	-	-	-
Public transportation	· · · · · -	4,939,306	-	-
Public safety	5,918,091	-	410,786	-
Health and human services	962,354	-	-	-
Community enrichment	117,901	_	-	_
Tax administration	871,216	_	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	50,763	44,897	-	295,000
Interest	4,701	10,258	-	44,040
Capital outlay	278,782	62,056	-	-
Total Expenditures	16,564,911	5,056,517	410,786	339,840
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(116,005)	(66,438)	1,330,212	302
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt issuance	278,782	62,056	-	-
Transfers in	54,596	-	-	-
Transfers (out)	(4,880)	_	-	_
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	328,498	62,056	-	_
Net Change in Fund Balances	212,493	(4,382)	1,330,212	302
Beginning fund balances	 5,952,263	 1,960,673	 (1,991,480)	 16,841
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 6,164,756	\$ 1,956,291	\$ (661,268)	\$ 17,143

	Nonmajor vernmental	Total Governmental Funds
\$	395,823	\$ 18,186,253
	2,769,185	4,394,340
	383,449	2,166,631
	-	1,883,081
	1,371	247,981
	315,309	506,976
	3,865,137	27,385,262
	463,629	5,206,612
	799,503	4,418,423
	400,676	5,339,982
	2,118,519	8,447,396
	-	962,354
	-	117,901
	-	871,216
	6,340	397,000
	725	59,724
	65,077	405,915
	3,854,469	26,226,523
	10,668	1,158,739
	_	340,838
	4,880	59,476
	(54,596)	(59,476)
-	(49,716)	340,838
	(12,112)	
	(39,048)	1,499,577
	1,352,572	7,290,869
\$	1,313,524	\$ 8,790,446

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds	\$ 1,499,577
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	3,099,441
Depreciation expense	(1,441,876)
Net effect of capital disposals	(180,219)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are	
not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Deferred revenue - property taxes	34,993
Deferred revenue - grants	12,549
Net pension and total other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to the net pension liability and OPEB are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Net pension liability	(4,552,120)
Total OPEB liability	(153,911)
Deferred outflows - pensions	2,958,627
Deferred inflows - pensions Deferred inflows - pensions	1,093,571
Deferred outflows - OPEB	67,177
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation)	
provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the	
repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial	
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any	
effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,	
discounts, and similar items when it is first issued; whereas, these amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Principal payments	397,000
Debt issued	(340,838)
Changes to bond premiums	10,848
Amortization of deferred charges	(4,942)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental	
funds. This adjustment reflects the net change on the accrual basis of accounting for	
accrued interest payable and compensated absences.	
Accrued interest payable	6,279
Compensated absences	 (118,473)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,387,683

See Notes to Financial Statements.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS September 30, 2019

		T(otal Agency Funds
<u>Assets</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents		\$	3,659,336
Receivables			59,612
	Total Assets	\$	3,718,948
<u>Liabilities</u>			
Due to other units		\$	3,718,948
	Total Liabilities	\$	3,718,948

See Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Hardin County, Texas (the "County") is an independent government entity created in 1858 from Jefferson and Liberty Counties by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by Commissioners' Court, composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County's financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The County provides a vast array of services including administration of general government, justice, road and bridges, public safety, health and human services, community enrichment, and tax administration.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The County's basic financial statements include the primary government only. The County has no oversight responsibility for any other entities since they are not considered financially accountable to the County. Financial accountability is determined on the basis of budget adoption, taxing authority, funding, and appointment of the respective governing body.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. The County has no business-type activities.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following governmental funds:

The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial transactions not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of receipts include local property taxes, fees, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Disbursements include general government, administration of justice, public safety, health and human services, community enrichment, and tax administration. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *debt service fund* is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund did not meet the technical criteria to be presented as a major fund; however, due to its significance, the County has elected to present it as major.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The following special revenue funds are considered major funds for reporting purposes:

Road and bridge fund – This fund is used to account for receipts of property taxes levied and vehicle registration fees. Uses of funds are restricted for the maintenance of roads, bridges, and the operations of related facilities. All precinct operations, as well as permanent road monies, are accounted for in this fund.

Hurricane Harvey fund – This fund is used to account for expenditures related to the Hurricane Harvey disaster and Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) reimbursements.

The remaining special revenue funds are considered nonmajor funds for reporting purposes.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for and report resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. The County maintains one type of fiduciary fund, agency funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The County maintains a pooled cash account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month end. Amounts on deposit in interest bearing accounts and other investments are displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and cash equivalents".

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government agencies Fully collateralized certificates of deposit Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria Bankers' acceptances Statewide investment pools

3. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years:

A (B : ::	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Machinery and equipment	3 to 30 years
Buildings	20 to 50 years
Improvements	15 to 20 years
Infrastructure	5 to 40 years

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the County's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes and grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

6. Compensated Employee Absences

The vacation, compensatory time, and holiday time policy of the County provides for the accumulation of various specified days earned, depending on tenure with the County, with such leave being fully vested when earned. Although employees are encouraged to take vacation in the year earned, payment of accrued vacation time is eligible to employees who separated from the County. For the County's government-wide statements, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The County has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The County's sick leave policy provides for a specified accumulation of earned sick leave. Accumulated sick leave is not compensated upon resignation, retirement, or dismissal. Since the County does not have any obligation of accumulated sick leave until it is taken, no accruals for sick leave have been made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general, road and bridge, jury, and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund.

Assets acquired under the terms of a capital lease are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general and road and bridge funds upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The County Judge may also assign fund balance as is done when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

11. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits

The County administers a single-employer, defined benefit OPEB plan. The County plan provides certain healthcare benefits for retired employees. Substantially all of the County's employees become eligible for the health benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the County. The County is currently following a pay-as-you go approach, paying an amount each year equal to the claims paid. This means no assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The County participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TCDRS known as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member counties may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The funding policy for the GTLF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75). Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the County's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TCDRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

General property taxes are recorded as receipts when levied for the current year and due, payable, and collected in the current year.

The property tax calendar dates are:

Levy date and due date – October 1 Collection dates – October 1 through January 31 Lien date – July 1

The County bills and collects its own taxes and those for certain government entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the elected officials agency fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the general, road and bridge, jury, and interest and sinking funds of the County. This distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the County-wide appraisal district, which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The appraisal district must review the value of the property within the County every three years unless the County, at its own discretion, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets tax rates on County property.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The original budget is adopted by the Commissioners' Court prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the department level as defined by State statute. Management is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total disbursements of any fund must be approved by the Commissioners' Court.

Budgets are adopted on a budgetary basis for all budgeted funds and are not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The County does budget for some accruals; however, it does not budget for payroll accruals and capital lease transactions at year end. Several supplemental budget appropriations were made for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

A. Deficit Fund Equity

As of September 30, 2019, the Hurricane Harvey fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$661,268 as result of costs incurred in the aftermath of Hurricane Harvey. The County has applied for assistance from FEMA and approval is pending.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2019, the County had the following investments:

Investment Type		Value	Weighted Average Maturity (Years)
TexPool	\$	6,667,443	0.09
Portfolio weighted a	verage	e maturity	0.09

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair market values by limiting the stated maturity of its investment portfolio to no more than 12 months.

Credit risk. State law limits investments to obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized investment rating firm not less than "A" or its equivalent. Further, commercial paper must be rated not less than "A-1" or "P-1" or an equivalent rating by at least two nationally recognized credit rating agencies. As of September 30, 2019, the County's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities and FDIC insurance. As of September 30, 2019, FDIC insurance and market values of pledged securities exceeded bank balances.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool "AAAm". As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major national markets, general banking moratorium, or a national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

B. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable line (net of allowance for uncollectibles) for certain funds and aggregated columns. Below is the detail of receivables for the general fund, road and bridge fund, Hurricane Harvey fund, and nonmajor governmental funds including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts:

		F	Road and	Н	urricane		Debt	N	onmajor	
	General		Bridge		Harvey	S	Service	Gov	ernmental	Total
Property taxes	\$ 2,455,031	\$	444,268	\$	-	\$	-	\$	139,948	\$ 3,039,247
Other receivables	221,793		19,437		81,002		57,491		708,184	1,087,907
Allowance for uncollectible	(122,752)		(8,885)						(59,010)	(190,647)
	\$ 2,554,072	\$	454,820	\$	81,002	\$	57,491	\$	789,122	\$ 3,936,507

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year end is as follows:

]	Beginning Balance		Increases	(I)	Decreases)		Ending Balance
Governmental Activities		_						<u> </u>
Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	1,267,864	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,267,864
Construction in progress		2,929,533		1,552,075		(4,418,205)		63,403
Total capital assets not								
being depreciated		4,197,397		1,552,075		(4,418,205)		1,331,267
Other capital assets:								
Machinery and equipment		10,914,324		1,374,263		(308,399)		11,980,188
Buildings		10,491,921		202,053		-		10,693,974
Improvements		1,688,612		4,389,255		(64,804)		6,013,063
Infrastructure		22,135,468		_				22,135,468
Total other capital assets		45,230,325		5,965,571		(373,203)		50,822,693
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Machinery and equipment		(7,507,157)		(1,001,235)		163,990		(8,344,402)
Buildings		(5,556,998)		(154,846)		-		(5,711,844)
Improvements		(575,495)		(200,193)		28,994		(746,694)
Infrastructure		(19,556,808)		(85,602)				(19,642,410)
Total accumulated depreciation		(33,196,458)		(1,441,876)		192,984		(34,445,350)
Other capital assets, net		12,033,867		4,523,695		(180,219)		16,377,343
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	16,231,264	\$	6,075,770	\$	(4,598,424)		17,708,610
						ociated debt		(2,945,264)
			Les	s deferred cha	arge o	n refunding		19,769
			N	et Investment	in Ca	pital Assets	\$	14,783,115
Depreciation was charged to government	enta	l functions as	foll	ows:				
General government					\$	248,211		
Roads and bridges						573,607		
Public safety						620,058	_	
Total Governme	ental	Activities Dep	reci	ation Expense	\$	1,441,876	_	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

D. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the County's total long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2019. In general, the County uses the general and road and bridge funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

	F	Beginning Balance	Additions	R	Reductions	Ending Balance	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds and capital leases:								
General obligation series 2014	\$	1,380,000	\$ -	\$	(265,000)	\$ 1,115,000	\$	270,000
Obligations under capital lease		563,036	340,838		(102,000)	801,874		191,670
Direct borrowings/placements:								
Certificates of obligation series 2016		1,015,000	-		(30,000)	985,000		30,000
Less deferred amounts:								
Premium		54,238			(10,848)	43,390		-
		3,012,274	340,838		(407,848)	2,945,264	*	491,670
Other:								
Compensated absences		462,784	1,017,031		(898,558)	581,257		523,131
Net pension liability		4,113,405	4,552,120		-	8,665,525		-
Total OPEB liability		1,409,219	153,911			1,563,130		
		5,985,408	5,723,062		(898,558)	10,809,912		523,131
Total Governmental Activities	\$	8,997,682	\$ 6,063,900	\$	(1,306,406)	\$ 13,755,176	\$	1,014,801

Long-term debt due in more than one year \$ 12,740,375

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

Long term debt as of September 30, 2019 was comprised of the following debt issues:

	Interest Rate	Original Amount		Balance
General Obligation				
Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	2.00-3.00%	\$	2,390,000	\$ 1,115,000
Certificates of Obligation				
From direct borrowings/placements				
Series 2016	1.33%		1,065,000	985,000
Capital Leases				
Bankcorp South Corporation - #012	2.39%		111,245	82,770
Bankcorp South Corporation - #009	2.39%		236,440	149,125
Government Capital Group - #243	4.15%		44,393	23,513
Government Capital Group - #733	4.13%		278,782	278,782
Government Capital Group - #885	3.85%		62,056	62,056
Government Capital Group - #915	3.35%		265,521	205,628
			998,437	801,874
	Total	\$	4,453,437	\$ 2,901,874

^{*} Debt associated with capital assets \$ 2,945,264

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

A summary of the County's debt service requirements, including interest, is as follows:

	Governmental Activities									
Year Ending		General	Obli	gation		Capita	ıl Le:	ases		
Sept. 30		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		
2020	\$	270,000	\$	22,590	\$	191,670	\$	17,712		
2021		275,000		17,190		189,331		20,051		
2022		280,000		11,690		183,270		13,801		
2023		290,000		6,090		164,497		7,287		
2024		-		-		35,951		2,449		
2025-2026		-				37,155		1,245		
Total	\$	1,115,000	\$	57,560	\$	801,874	\$	62,545		

Machinery and equipment acquired under current capital lease obligations totaled \$1,480,020 and accumulated depreciation totaled \$760,376.

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding for the direct borrowings/placements at year end are as follows:

	 Direct Placement						
Year Ending	Certificates	of O	bligation				
Sept. 30	Principal Interest						
2020	\$ 30,000	\$	13,100				
2021	35,000		12,701				
2022	35,000		12,236				
2023	40,000		11,771				
2024	280,000		11,239				
2025-2026	565,000		11,305				
Total	\$ 985,000	\$	72,352				

Federal Arbitrage

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or are not performed correctly, a substantial liability to the County could result. The County periodically engages an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with the rules and regulations of the IRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

E. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2019 is as follows:

Due to	Due from	 Amounts
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 672,917
General fund	Hurricane Harvey fund	82,743
Road and bridge fund	Hurricane Harvey fund	547,463
	Total	\$ 1,303,123

Operating transfers between the governmental funds during the year were as follows:

Transfers in	Transfers out	 Amounts
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 54,596
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	 4,880
	Total	\$ 59,476

Amounts transferred between funds relate to amounts collected by general and special revenue funds for various governmental disbursements.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. In addition, the County participates along with 279 other entities in the Texas Association of Counties' (TAC) Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (the "Pool"). The TAC created this Pool in 1974 to insure the County for workers' compensation related claims. The County also provides its employees benefits, including medical and life insurance, which the County obtains through the TAC's Insurance Trust Fund.

This Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The County has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool in which it participates, outside of payment of insurance premiums. The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three fiscal years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends, including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claims are reported at year end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

C. Pension Plan

Texas County and District Retirement System

Plan Description

TCDRS is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system. TCDRS serves 780 actively participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the Board of Directors of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Because of that, the County has the flexibility and local control to select benefits and pay for those benefits based on its needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered a tax-qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All eligible employees (except temporary staff) of the County must be enrolled in TCDRS.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefit provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the options available in Texas state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any County-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to the plan, with interest, and County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

The Commissioners' Court adopted the rate of seven percent as the contributed rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2019. The Commissioners' Court may change the employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	187
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	190
Active employees	262
Total	639

Contributions

A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions, and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is four percent, five percent, six percent, or seven percent of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required, by law, to contribute at actuarially determined rates, which are determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Employers have the option of paying more than the required contribution rate each year. Extra contributions can help employers "prefund" benefit increases, such as a cost-of-living adjustment to retirees, and they can be used to help offset or mitigate future increases in the required rate due to negative plan experience. There are two approaches for making extra contributions:

- (a) paying an elected contribution rate higher than the required rate and
- (b) making an extra lump-sum contribution to the employer account.

Employees for the County were required to contribute seven percent of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County was 14.27 percent in calendar years 2018 and 2019, respectively. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were \$1,697,014 and were more than the required contributions.

Net Pension Liability

The County's Net Pension Liability (NPL) was measured as of December 31, 2018 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the TPL as of December 31, 2018 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, except where required to be different by GASB Standard No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (GASB 68).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Following are the key assumptions and methods used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation:

December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in the

which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5 years smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases

Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career, including

inflation

Investment Rate of Return 8.10%

Cost-of-Living Adjustments Cost-of-living adjustments for the County are not considered to be

substantively automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-living

adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return of TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The target allocation and best estimate of geometric real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

			Geometric Real
			Rate of Return
		Target	(Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation	Inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture		
	Capital Index	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Bloomberg Barclays U.S. Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yeild Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index+33%		
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLP)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research. Inc. (HFRI) Fund of		
	Funds Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 8.1 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, TCDRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

Changes in the NPL

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Net Pension Liability	
Changes for the year:		(A)		(B)		(A) - (B)
Service cost	\$	1,449,864	\$	_	\$	1,449,864
Interest	Ψ	4,426,227	Ψ	_	Ψ	4,426,227
Changes in benefit terms		-,-120,227		_		-,420,227
Difference between expected and actual experience		76,164		_		76,164
Changes in assumptions		-		_		-
Contributions - employer		-		1,603,247		(1,603,247)
Contributions - employee		_		786,456		(786,456)
Net investment income		-		(944,165)		944,165
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(2,782,116)		(2,782,116)		-
Administrative expense		_		(39,408)		39,408
Other changes		-		(5,994)		5,994
Net changes		3,170,139		(1,381,981)		4,552,120
Balance at December 31, 2017		54,558,884		50,445,479		4,113,405
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	57,729,023	\$	49,063,499	\$	8,665,525

Sensitivity of the NPL to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPL of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1 percent, as well as what the County's NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.1%) or one percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	D	is count Rate	D	is count Rate	Di	scount Rate
		(7.1%)		(8.1%)		(9.1%)
County's Net Pension Liability	\$	15,537,142	\$	8,665,525	\$	2,827,732

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TCDRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$2,196,936.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

At September 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Iı	Deferred nflows of esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	57,123	\$	545,181
Changes in actuarial assumptions		170,982		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		3,067,490		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,316,441		-
Total	\$	4,612,036	\$	545,181

\$1,316,441 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the NPL for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Pension			
September 30:	Expense				
2020	\$	918,056			
2021		392,659			
2022		437,128			
2023		1,002,571			
2024		-			
Thereafter		-			
Total	\$	2,750,414			

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Healthcare Plan

Plan Description

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. The County plan provides medical benefits to eligible retirees on a cost-sharing basis (the "Plan"). The County pays 50 percent (75 percent for eligible retirees with at least 30 years of service) of the monthly premium for individual and dependent medical coverage for retirees meeting certain eligibility requirements. Dependent medical coverage is not subsidized by the County if the retiree was hired on or after December 1, 2004. All other benefits are paid entirely by the retiree, including dental and life insurance. Effective January 1, 2019, the County will no longer subsidize dependent coverage for those retiring after that date. All active employees who retire directly from the County and meet the eligibility criteria may participate. Eligibility requirements are met for County employees that retire after age 60 with 8 years of service or with 30 years of service or the sum of age plus service equals 75. The retiree must be receiving a retirement annuity payment or qualified to receive a retirement annuity payment under TCDRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The following provides a summary of the number of participants in the Plan as of September 30, 2019:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	14
Active employees	217
Total	231

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$1,563,130 was measured as of September 30, 2018 and rolled forward to September 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation and rolled forward to September 30, 2019 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate*	2.66%
Administrative expenses	N/A

Actuarial Cost Method Individual entry-age normal

Mortality RPH-2014 Total Table with Projection MP-2019.

Funding Policy

The County has elected to finance the Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis, paying an amount each year equal to the claims paid.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability			
Changes for the year:				
Service cost	\$	100,817		
Interest		59,553		
Changes of assumptions		79,948		
Benefit payments		(86,407)		
Net Changes		153,911		
Beginning balance		1,409,219		
Ending Balance	\$ 1,563,130			

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

^{*}The discount rate was based on 20 Year Bond GO Index.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1%	Increase in
	Dis	count Rate	Di	scount Rate	Di	scount Rate
	((1.66%)		(2.66%)		(3.66%)
County's Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,701,344	\$	1,563,130	\$	1,436,380

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Decrease in	Hea	lthcare Cost	1%	Increase in
	7	Trend Rate	7	Trend Rate	1	Trend Rate
		(4%)		(5%)		(6%)
County's Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,379,654	\$	1,563,130	\$	1,785,300

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$173,141. The County reported deferred outflows of resources to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred		
	Outflows of		
	Re	sources	
Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	67,177	
Total	\$	67,177	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB Expense						
September 30	Amount						
2020	\$	12,771					
2021		12,771					
2022		12,771					
2023		12,771					
2024		12,771					
Thereafter		3,322					
Total	\$	67,177					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

2. Life Insurance Plan

Plan Description

The County participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the TCDRS. This plan is referred to as the GTLF. This optional plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employees and, if elected by employers, to retired employees. The coverage provided to retired employees is an OPEB. Retired employees are insured for \$5,000. The County has elected to provide life insurance benefits to active employees only.

The GTLF is a separate trust administered by the TCDRS Board of Trustees. TCDRS issues a publicly available CAFR that includes financial statements and RSI for the GTLF. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County and District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034 or by calling 800-823-7782.

Funding Policy

Each participating employer contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate. An annual actuarial valuation is performed and the contractual rate is determined using the unit credit method for providing one-year term life insurance. The County's contributions to the GTLF for the years ended September 30, 2019, 2018, and 2017 were \$27,352, \$25,010, and \$24,617, respectively, which equaled the contractually required contributions each year.

3. Subsequent Event

Southeast Texas Flood Control District, Inc.

Subsequent to year end, the County approved articles of incorporation and bylaws of a local government corporation named Southeast Texas Flood Control District, Inc., and appointed the County Judge to serve as a director to engage in planning concerning disaster mitigation and other projects or programs to protect the residents, infrastructure, industry, businesses and housing throughout the County against flooding; to design develop, construct, operate, manage, repair, maintain, finance, equip, improve, enlarge, extend, acquire, and improve integrated flood damage reduction systems; and to conduct any and all other lawful business, and perform any other related function or operation.

 $\pmb{REQUIRED\ SUPPLEMENTARY\ INFORMATION}$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 1 of 2)

GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Budgete	d Am			Actual Amounts Budgetary	Actu Budg	riance with al Amounts getary Basis Positive
Dovomuos	_	Original		<u>Final</u>		Basis	(Negative)	
Revenues Taxes	\$	14,771,953	\$	14,827,919	\$	14,775,362	\$	(52,557)
Fines and fees	Ψ	1,045,250	Ψ	1,167,220	Ψ	1,219,504	Ψ	52,284
Licenses and permits		145,850		145,850		133,024		(12,826)
Investment income		61,000		242,198		246,190		3,992
Other revenues		47,050		93,778		74,826		(18,952)
Total Revenues	_	16,071,103		16,476,965	_	16,448,906		(28,059)
		10,071,103		10,470,703		10,440,200		(20,037)
Expenditures General Government:								
General services		145,835		145,835		141,953		3,882
Citizen's collection center		-		16,628		3,562		13,066
Purchasing		253,646		253,968		242,138		11,830
County judge		211,444		211,444		202,839		8,605
County treasurer		211,982		211,982		209,546		2,436
County auditor		393,118		393,118		356,924		36,194
County clerk		429,460		429,460		419,260		10,200
Commissioners' court		2,322,334		2,384,530		1,921,763		462,767
Collection improvement		4,450		4,450		-		4,450
Building maintenance		796,772		939,609		890,923		48,686
Election expense		50,700		72,005		70,805		1,200
Human resources		122,584		122,584		120,865		1,719
Technology		131,788		146,688		122,051		24,637
		5,074,113		5,332,301		4,702,629		629,672
Administration of Justice:								
Justice of the peace		937,691		945,992		886,819		59,173
County attorney		617,403		617,403		585,053		32,350
District attorney		586,314		591,562		590,183		1,379
356th District judge		295,532		262,920		246,682		16,238
88th District judge		271,704		271,704		259,283		12,421
Juvenile detention		655,558		655,558		612,728		42,830
District clerk		430,368		447,104		438,172		8,932
	_	3,794,570		3,792,243		3,618,920		173,323
Public Safety:								
Department of public safety		100		100		94		6
Sheriff's department		3,417,138		3,480,633		3,377,089		103,544
Sheriff's department operations		2,102,208		2,142,208		2,126,512		15,696
Constables		419,029		419,029		414,396		4,633
	_	5,938,475		6,041,970		5,918,091		123,879
Health and Human Services:								
Veterans services		36,303		36,303		26,252		10,051
Health unit		101,874		101,874		92,383		9,491
Indigent care		700,257		816,657		801,340		15,317
Senior services	_	47,000		47,000	_	42,379		4,621
	_	885,434		1,001,834	_	962,354		39,480

HARDIN COUNTY, TEXAS

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 2 of 2) GENERAL FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts]	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Act	ariance with cual Amounts dgetary Basis Positive
	Original	Final		Basis	(Negative)		
Expenditures (continued)							
Community Enrichment							
Historical commision	\$ 26,500	\$	26,500	\$	12,890	\$	13,610
Culture and recreation	123,332		123,717		105,011		18,706
	149,832		150,217		117,901		32,316
Tax Administration							
Tax assessor collector	900,677		900,677		871,216		29,461
Debt Service							
Principal	50,764		50,764		50,763		1
Interest and fiscal charges	4,702		4,702		4,701		1
	55,466		55,466		55,464		2
Total Expenditures	16,798,567		17,274,708		16,246,575		1,028,133
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(727,464)		(797,743)		202,331		1,000,074
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-		54,596		54,596		-
Transfers (out)	(10,000)		(10,000)		(4,880)		5,120
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(10,000)		44,596		49,716		5,120
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (737,464)	\$	(753,147)		252,047	\$	1,005,194
Beginning fund balance					6,133,474		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	6,385,521		
Notes to Required Supplementary Informa	ation:						
Annual budgets are adopted on a budget generally accepted accounting princip Reconciliation of general fund fund held	les (GAAP).						

2. Reconciliation of general fund fund balance to fund financial statements:

	_	- , - ,
Ending Fund Balance	\$	6,164,756
Debt issuance		278,782
Capital outlay		(278,782)
Current year payroll accrual		(220,765)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND (BUDGETARY BASIS)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual Amounts Budgetary	Actua Budge	ance with al Amounts etary Basis ositive
	Original		Final	Basis	(N	egative)
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 2,698,290	\$	2,698,290	\$ 2,675,346	\$	(22,944)
Fines and fees	410,500		410,500	563,678		153,178
Licenses and permits	1,800,000		1,800,000	1,750,057		(49,943)
Other revenues	 -		1,000	 998		(2)
Total Revenues	 4,908,790		4,909,790	4,990,079		80,289
Expenditures						
General	507,477		507,477	500,200		7,277
Precinct 1	760,876		930,852	689,303		241,549
Precinct 2	1,554,617		1,839,183	1,641,674		197,509
Precinct 3	1,309,459		1,470,715	1,381,913		88,802
Precinct 4	721,204		908,351	713,591		194,760
Debt Service:						
Principal	44,898		44,898	44,897		1
Interest	10,259		10,259	10,258		1
Total Expenditures	4,908,790		5,711,735	4,981,836		729,899
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$	(801,945)	8,243	\$	810,188
Beginning fund balance				 2,001,344		
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 2,009,587		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

- 1. Annual budgets are adopted on a budgetary basis and are not consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 2. Reconciliation of road and bridge fund balance to fund financial statements:

Salary and fringe benefits	(53,296)
Capital outlay	(62,056)
Debt issuance	62,056
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,956,291

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Measurement Year*							
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	1,439,621	\$	1,451,685	\$	1,541,341	\$	1,488,958
Interest (on the total pension liability)		3,586,023		3,822,589		4,020,508		4,233,429
Changes in benefit terms		-		(255,140)		-		-
Difference between expected and actual								
experience		141,350		(242,663)		(709,358)		(735,684)
Changes in assumptions		-		583,967		-		341,964
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(2,121,314)		(2,717,397)		(2,885,352)		(3,031,748)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		3,045,680		2,643,041		1,967,139		2,296,919
Beginning total pension liability		44,606,105		47,651,785		50,294,826		52,261,965
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$	47,651,785	\$	50,294,826	\$	52,261,965	\$	54,558,884
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions - employer	\$	1,429,402	\$	1,477,162	\$	1,500,285	\$	1,545,695
Contributions - employee	·	715,212	·	739,107		747,470	·	766,278
Net investment income		2,783,050		(28,615)		3,132,189		6,512,515
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(2,121,314)		(2,717,397)		(2,885,352)		(3,031,748)
Administrative expense		(31,943)		(30,680)		(34,131)		(33,548)
Other		(24,721)		141,657		(183,430)		(9,963)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		2,749,686		(418,766)		2,277,032		5,749,229
Beginning plan fiduciary net position		40,088,298		42,837,984		42,419,218		44,696,250
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	42,837,984	\$	42,419,218	\$	44,696,250	\$	50,445,479
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,813,801	\$	7,875,608	\$	7,565,715	\$	4,113,405
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a								
Percentage of Total Pension Liability		89.90%		84.34%		85.52%		92.46%
Covered Payroll	\$	10,217,310	\$	10,558,673	\$	10,678,138	\$	10,946,833
Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		47.11%		74.59%		70.85%		37.58%

^{*}Only five years of information are currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next five-year period.

Measurement

Year*
2018
\$ 1,449,864 4,426,227
76,164 -
(2,782,116) 3,170,139
 54,558,884
\$ 57,729,023
\$ 1,603,247 786,456 (944,165)
(2,782,116) (39,408) (5,994) (1,381,980)
50,445,479
\$ 49,063,499
\$ 8,665,524
84.99%

\$ 11,235,086

77.13%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Fiscal Year*							
		2015		2016		2017		2018
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	1,468,527	\$	1,557,017	\$	1,536,952	\$	1,579,288
determined contribution		1,468,527		1,557,017		1,536,952		1,579,288
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	
Covered payroll	\$	10,496,814	\$	11,094,321	\$	10,897,202	\$	11,093,735
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		13.99%		14.03%		14.10%		14.24%

^{*}Only five years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next five-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

1. Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

2. Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 11.3 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average

over career including inflation

Investment rate of return 8.1%

Retirement age Members who are eligible for service

retirement are assumed to commence receiving benefit payments based on age. The average age at service retirement for

recent retirees is 61.

Mortality 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant

Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the

MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

3. Other Information:

There were no benefit changes during the year.

Fiscal
 Year*
2019
\$ 1,664,723
1,697,014
\$ (32,291)
\$ 11,892,158

14.27%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Measurement Year*							
		2018		2019				
Total OPEB Liability								
Service cost	\$	96,884	\$	100,817				
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		60,334		59,553				
Changes of assumptions		-		79,948				
Benefit payments		(137,183)		(86,407)				
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		20,035		153,911				
Beginning total OPEB liability		1,389,184		1,409,219				
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	1,409,219	\$	1,563,130				
Covered Payroll	\$	9,537,606	\$	9,534,606				
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		14.78%		16.39%				

^{*}Only two years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next eight-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Significant Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Discount rate 2.66%

Health care cost trend Level 5.00%

Mortality RPH-2014 total table with projection MP-2019

Coverage 100% of all retirees who currently have healthcare coverage will

continue with the same coverage.

50% of all actives who currently have individual or family healthcare coverage will continue with individual only coverage upon retirement.

Other Information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer GO Bond 20 Index

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 5) September 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Fund									
	Prese	EH rvation ant	Ma	nergency nagement Services	District Clerk Preservation Fees			unty Clerk eservation Fees		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$		\$	_	\$	107,728	\$	548,172		
Prepaid expenses	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	150	Ψ	540,172		
Receivables, net		_		32,827		-		-		
Due from other units		-		<u> </u>		-		_		
Total Assets	\$	-	\$	32,827	\$	107,878	\$	548,172		
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	330	\$	2,186	\$	6,338		
Due to other funds		-		32,497		-		-		
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		
Unearned revenue		-								
Total Liabilities		-		32,827		2,186		6,338		
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - grant		-		-		-		-		
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-								
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-								
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		-		-		150		-		
Restricted:										
Debt service		-		-		-		-		
Special revenue funds		-		-		105,542		541,834		
Total Fund Balances		-				105,692		541,834		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	_	\$	32,827	\$	107,878	\$	548,172		

 Law Library		County Attorney Supplement		Constitutional County Judge Supplement		Court Security Fees		Jail mmissary	Jury
\$ 29,551	\$	84,000	\$	-	\$	58,139	\$	83,971	\$ 92,581
-		-		-		-		1,188	5,440 90,699
\$ 29,551	\$	84,000	\$	-	\$	58,139	\$	85,159	\$ 188,720
\$ 1,547	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 55,198
-		-		-		- -		-	-
_		-		_		-		_	-
1,547		-		-		-		-	55,198
-		84,000		_		=		-	-
 -		-		-		_		-	77,915
 		84,000		-					 77,915
-		-		-		-		-	5,440
28,004		-		-		- 58,139		- 85,159	50,167
28,004			,	-		58,139		85,159	55,607
\$ 29,551	\$	84,000	\$	-	\$	58,139	\$	85,159	\$ 188,720

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 5) September 30, 2019

				Special Rev	venue Fur	nds		
	Di	spatchers		Lateral Roads	Justice Court Technology			Dare rogram
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	164,059	\$	-	\$	7,892
Prepaid expenses		12 122		-		-		=
Receivables, net Due from other units		13,133		-		-		-
Total Assets	\$	13,133	\$	164,059	\$		\$	7,892
Total Assets	φ	13,133	φ	104,039	Ф		φ	1,092
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
Due to other funds	T	13,133	_	_	т	_	*	_
Due to other governments		-		-		_		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		_		-
Total Liabilities		13,133		-		-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - grant		_		_		_		_
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_		_		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u>-</u>						
Total Beleffed Innows of Resources					-		-	
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		-		-		_		-
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		-		164,059				7,892
Total Fund Balances		-		164,059				7,892
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	13,133	\$	164,059	\$	_	\$	7,892

Election Equipment		A Ov	County ttorney erdrawn Check	District Attorney Overdrawn Check		1	LEPC	Ike	ırricane Disaster ecovery	S	Health Services Grant
\$	25,147	\$	1,750	\$	889	\$	3,980	\$	-	\$	-
	- - -		90 648		- -		- -		1,143		89,797 -
\$	25,147	\$	2,488	\$	889	\$	3,980	\$	1,143	\$	89,797
\$	-	\$	212	\$	-	\$	- -	\$	1,143	\$	9,199 80,598
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		212				-		1,143		89,797
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	<u>-</u> -								<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	25,147 25,147		2,276 2,276		- 889 889		3,980 3,980		- - -		- - -
\$	25,147	\$	2,488	\$	889	\$	3,980	\$	1,143	\$	89,797

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 5) September 30, 2019

				Special Rev	venue F	unds		
		Drug Forfeiture Rehab		County ttorney orfeiture	District Attorney Drug Forfeiture			Sheriff Drug orfeiture
<u>Assets</u>	¢.	4 102	ф	1.760	¢.	0.522	Ф	0.024
Cash and cash equivalents Prepaid expenses	\$	4,103	\$	1,760	\$	9,532	\$	9,934
Receivables, net		_		_		_		_
Due from other units		_		_		_		_
Total Assets	\$	4,103	\$	1,760	\$	9,532	\$	9,934
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue								
Total Liabilities								
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - grant		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		-		-		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		-		_		-		_
Restricted:								
Debt service		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		4,103		1,760		9,532		9,934
Total Fund Balances		4,103		1,760		9,532		9,934
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	4,103	\$	1,760	\$	9,532	\$	9,934

District and County Attorney Longevity Pay	Atte	strict orney emental] E	Sheriff Federal quitable Sharing]	LEOSE	 VOCA Juror Donations	Disaster Incident Fund Cash		
\$ -	\$	-	\$	28,390	\$	38,066	\$ 126,875	\$	595,900	
60		-		1		14	1,361		-	
\$ 60	\$	<u>-</u> -	\$	28,391	\$	38,080	\$ 128,236	\$	595,900	
\$ 60	\$	-	\$	-	\$	38,080	\$ 846	\$	-	
-		-		-		-	-		595,900	
60				<u> </u>		38,080	 846		595,900	
-		-		_		-	-		-	
		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	-		-	
_		_		_		_	-		_	
-		-		-		-	-		-	
		-		28,391 28,391		-	127,390 127,390		-	
\$ 60	\$		\$	28,391	\$	38,080	\$ 128,236	\$	595,900	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 4 of 5) September 30, 2019

				Special Re	venue F	unds		
			I	OR 4223	Ι	OR 4272		
				Severe		Severe		US
				Storms	:	Storms		and Drug
	VO	CA 13660		2015		2016	Administration	
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,510	\$	-
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
Receivables, net		61,309		10,837		-		4,826
Due from other units		_		-				_
Total Assets	\$	61,309	\$	10,837	\$	33,510	\$	4,826
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	5,990	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		55,319		10,837		-		4,826
Due to other governments		-		-		33,510		-
Unearned revenue								_
Total Liabilities		61,309		10,837		33,510		4,826
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - grant		-		-		-		-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_		_				-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources								
T 101								
<u>Fund Balances</u> Nonspendable								
Restricted:		-		-		-		=
Debt service								
Special revenue funds		_		_		_		_
Total Fund Balances								
					-			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	61,309	\$	10,837	\$	33,510	\$	4,826
or resources, and raina Bulances	Ψ	01,507	Ψ	10,037	Ψ	33,310	Ψ	1,020

A	District Attorney VAWA Grant		le IV - E	ATPA Grant	Public Safety Grant	 Crime Victim Grant	Health Department Grant		
\$	67	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	
	37,743		2,969	32,021	13,990	21,611		690 94,160	
\$	37,810	\$	2,969	\$ 32,021	\$ 13,990	\$ 21,611	\$	94,850	
\$	- 37,743	\$	- 2,969	\$ 214 31,807	\$ - 13,990	\$ 97 18,601	\$	1,342 93,508	
	-		-	-	-	2,913		-	
,	37,743		2,969	32,021	13,990	21,611		94,850	
	-		-	-	-	-		-	
	<u>-</u>		-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		-	
	-		-	-	-	-		-	
	- 67		-	- -	-	-		-	
	67		-	-	-	-		-	
\$	37,810	\$	2,969	\$ 32,021	\$ 13,990	\$ 21,611	\$	94,850	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 5 of 5) September 30, 2019

-				Special Revo	enue F	unds		
	_	oical Storm Imelda	_	etitive Loss out Grant		ICR-Coop greement		tal Health
<u>Assets</u>	Ф	1.240	Φ		Φ		Φ	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,249	\$	-	\$	-	\$	=
Prepaid expenses Receivables, net		-		22,800		105,957		28,934
Due from other units		_		22,000		103,937		20,934
Total Assets	\$	1,249	\$	22,800	\$	105,957	\$	28,934
** 1900								
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable	\$	1,249	\$		\$	45	\$	453
Due to other funds	Ф	1,249	Ф	22,800	Ф	105,912	Ф	28,481
Due to other governments		_		22,000		103,912		20,401
Unearned revenue		_		_		_		_
Total Liabilities		1,249		22,800		105,957		28,934
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - grant								
Unavailable revenue - grant Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_		_		_		_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-		-					
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted:								
Debt service		=		-		-		=
Special revenue funds		-		-				-
Total Fund Balances								-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	1,249	\$	22,800	\$	105,957	\$	28,934

JAG Program		eriff Office	VOCA 902	CA	Pre-Trial	wer vement	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$ -	\$	-	\$ _	\$	52,669	\$ _	\$	2,109,914	
_		-	-		, -	_		6,280	
-		105,641	15,011		1,000	_		789,122	
-		, -	, -		_	_		648	
\$ -	\$	105,641	\$ 15,011	\$	53,669	\$ _	\$	2,905,964	
\$ -	\$	_	\$ 756	\$	_	\$ _	\$	125,285	
_	·	105,641	14,255		_	_		672,917	
-		-	, -		_	_		36,423	
-		-	-		_	_		595,900	
-		105,641	15,011		-	-		1,430,525	
_		-	-		-	_		84,000	
_		_	_		_	_		77,915	
					-	-		161,915	
-		-	-		-	-		5,590	
-		-	-		- 53,669	-		1,307,934	
-		-	-		53,669			1,313,524	
\$ -	\$	105,641	\$ 15,011	\$	53,669	\$ 	\$	2,905,964	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 5)

				Special Re	venue F	und	
	NI Preser Gra	vation	Ma	nergency nagement ervices		rict Clerk servation Fees	inty Clerk eservation Fees
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Intergovernmental		44		32,827		-	-
Fines and fees		-		-		31,354	204,775
Investment income		-		-		-	-
Other revenues		_					-
Total Revenues		44		32,827		31,354	204,775
Expenditures							
General government		-		25,762		-	198,598
Administration of justice		-		-		6,107	-
Public transportation		-		_		-	-
Public safety		44		-		-	-
Debt service:							
Principal		-		6,340		-	-
Interest		-		725		-	-
Capital outlay		-		-		-	-
Total Expenditures		44		32,827		6,107	198,598
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures						25,247	 6,177
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-		-		-	-
Transfers (out)		-		-		-	-
Total Other Financing	,						
Sources (Uses)		_					
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		25,247	6,177
Beginning fund balances						80,445	535,657
Ending Fund Balances	\$	-	\$	-	\$	105,692	\$ 541,834

		Constitutional	enue runas				
Law Library	County Attorney Supplement	County Judge Supplement	Court Security Fees	Jail Commissary	Jury		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 395,823		
-	79,793	30,748	-	-	-		
-	-	-	25,865	-	94,965		
- 27.241	-	-	-	499	- 200		
27,341 27,341	79,793	30,748	25,865	51,026 51,525	8,398 499,186		
27,541		30,740			477,100		
- 21 252	70.702	- 20.749	-	-	- (25.704		
21,352	79,793	30,748	-	-	625,794		
-	-	-	1,365	35,080	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
21,352	79,793	30,748	1,365	35,080	625,794		
5,989			24,500	16,445	(126,608)		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
					(54,596)		
					(54,596)		
5,989	-	-	24,500	16,445	(181,204)		
22,015			33,639	68,714	236,811		
\$ 28,004	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 58,139	\$ 85,159	\$ 55,607		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 5)

		Special Rev	venue Funds	
	Dispatchers	Lateral Roads	Justice Court Technology	Dare Program
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	190,626	36,580	8,270	-
Fines and fees	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Other revenues				
Total Revenues	190,626	36,580	8,270	
<u>Expenditures</u>				
General government	-	-	_	-
Administration of justice	-	-	13,150	-
Public transportation	-	-	_	-
Public safety	190,626	-	-	-
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	_	-
Interest	-	-	_	-
Capital outlay	-	-	_	-
Total Expenditures	190,626	-	13,150	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		36,580	(4,880)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	4,880	-
Transfers (out)	-	-	· -	-
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)			4,880	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	36,580	-	-
Beginning fund balances		127,479		7,892
Ending Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ 164,059	\$ -	\$ 7,892

Election Equipment	County Attorney Overdrawn Check	District Attorney Overdrawn Check	LEPC	Hurricane Ike Disaster Recovery	Health Services Grant	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
-	-	-	-	926,697	400,676	
-	-	-	4	-	-	
4,320	920	-	500	-	-	
4,320	920	-	504	926,697	400,676	
22,125	-	-	-	-	-	
-	388	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	926,697	400,676	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
22,125	388	-		926,697	400,676	
(17,805)	532		504			
-	-	-	-	-	-	
			·			
			·			
(17,805)	532	-	504	-	-	
42,952	1,744	889	3,476			
\$ 25,147	\$ 2,276	\$ 889	\$ 3,980	\$ -	\$ -	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 5)

		Special Rev	venue Funds	
	Drug Forfeiture Rehab	County Attorney Forfeiture	District Attorney Drug Forfeiture	Sheriff Drug Forfeiture
Revenues	¢.	¢.	¢.	φ
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental Fines and fees	-	-	-	-
Investment income	_	2	9	12
Other revenues	118	-	575	805
Total Revenues	118	2	584	817
Expenditures				
General government	-	-	-	-
Administration of justice	-	-	-	-
Public transportation	-	-	-	-
Public safety	-	-	-	4,676
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay				
Total Expenditures	_	_		4,676
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	118	2	584	(3,859)
Revenues Over (Olider) Expenditures	118			(3,839)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	_	_	_	_
Transfers (out)	_	_	_	_
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	118	2	584	(3,859)
Beginning fund balances	3,985	1,758	8,948	13,793
Ending Fund Balances	\$ 4,103	\$ 1,760	\$ 9,532	\$ 9,934

District and County Attorney Longevity Pay	District Attorney Supplemental	Sheriff Federal Equitable Sharing	LEOSE	VOCA Juror Donations	Disaster Incident Fund Cash		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		
13,770	3,918	-	-	26,490	-		
-	-	39	-	26,490 806	-		
			-	<u> </u>			
13,770	3,918	39		27,296			
-	-	-	-	-	-		
13,770	3,918	-	-	4,483	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-		
13,770	3,918	-		4,483	-		
		39		22,813			
-	-	-	-	-	-		
		-	-	· -	-		
				. 			
-	-	39	-	22,813	-		
		28,352		104,577			
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,391	\$ -	\$ 127,390	\$ -		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 4 of 5)

			Special Rev	venue Funds	
	VOCA 13660		DR 4223 Severe Storms 2015	DR 4272 Severe Storms 2016	US Food and Drug Administration
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	206,844		27,324	2,481	5,766
Fines and fees	-		-	-	-
Investment income	-		-	-	-
Other revenues Total Revenues	206,844	_	27,324	2,481	5,766
Total Revenues	200,844	_	21,324	2,461	3,700
Expenditures					
General government	_		_	-	_
Administration of justice	-		-	-	-
Public transportation	-		-	-	-
Public safety	206,844		27,324	2,481	5,766
Debt service:					
Principal	-		-	-	-
Interest	-		-	-	-
Capital outlay			_		
Total Expenditures	206,844		27,324	2,481	5,766
Excess (Deficiency) of					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures					
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	_		_	_	_
Transfers (out)	_		_	-	_
Total Other Financing			-1		
Sources (Uses)					
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		-	-	-
Beginning fund balances		_			
Ending Fund Balances	\$ -	\$		\$ -	\$ -

Att VA	District Attorney VAWA Grant		e IV - E	Special Rev ATPA Grant]	Public Safety Grant	Crime Victim Grant	Health Department Grant	
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	61,121		4,698	97,658		73,057	88,272		217,070
	-		-	- -		-	-		-
			-	-		-	-		-
	61,121		4,698	97,658		73,057	88,272		217,070
	61,054		4,698	97,658		-	-		-
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-		-	-		73,057	88,272		217,070
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	-		-	-		-	-		-
	61,054		4,698	97,658		73,057	88,272		217,070
	67			 			 		_
	-		-	-		-	-		-
			-	 			 	-	
	67		-	-		-	-		-
				<u>-</u>					_
\$	67	\$	-	\$ _	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 5 of 5)

-		Special Revo	enue Funds	
	Tropical Storm Imelda	Repetitive Loss Buyout Grant	PHCR-Coop Agreement	Mental Health Liaison Prog.
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	26,231	22,800	-	80,461
Fines and fees	-	-	-	-
Investment income	-	-	-	-
Other revenues			115,665	
Total Revenues	26,231	22,800	115,665	80,461
Expenditures				
General government	-	22,800	-	-
Administration of justice	-	-	-	-
Public transportation	-	-	-	-
Public safety	26,231	-	115,665	45,484
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	-	-	34,977
Total Expenditures	26,231	22,800	115,665	80,461
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers (out)				
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	-	-
Beginning fund balances				
Ending Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

			ds	Revenue Fun	pecial .	S			
Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Sewer Improvement		OCA CA Pre-Trial Output Diversion			JAG Sheriff Office Program Dispatch Center			
\$ 395,823	- \$	- \$	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$
2,769,185	4,557	50,600		46,196		-		30,100	
383,449	-	-		-		-		-	
1,371	=	-		-		-		-	
315,309	-	<u> </u>		-		105,641		_	
3,865,137	4,557	50,600		46,196		105,641		30,100	
463,629	4,557	26,377		_		_		_	
799,503	-	-		_		-		_	
400,676	-	-		_		-		_	
2,118,519	-	-		46,196		105,641		-	
6,340	-	-		-		-		-	
725	-	-		=		-		-	
65,077		<u> </u>						30,100	
3,854,469	4,557	26,377		46,196		105,641		30,100	
10,668	<u> </u>	24,223						-	
4,880	-	-		-		-		-	
(54,596)	<u> </u>								
(49,716)							. <u> </u>		
(39,048)	-	24,223		-		-		-	
1,352,572	<u> </u>	29,446							
\$ 1,313,524	- \$	53,669 \$	\$		\$		\$		\$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL INTEREST AND SINKING

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues					•			
Taxes	\$	339,890	\$	339,890	\$	339,722	\$	(168)
Investment income		150		150		420		270
Total Revenues		340,040		340,040		340,142		102
Expenditures								
General government		1,000		1,000		800		200
Debt service:								
Principal		295,000		295,000		295,000		_
Interest		44,040		44,040		44,040		-
Total Expenditures		340,040		340,040		339,840		200
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			302	\$	302
Beginning fund balance						16,841		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	17,143		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISTRICT CLERK PRESERVATION FEES

	Budgeted Ame					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
)riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues Fines and fees	\$	32,550	\$	32,550	\$	31,354	\$	(1,196)
Total Revenues		32,550		32,550		31,354		(1,196)
Expenditures Administration of justice Total Expenditures		32,550 32,550		32,550 32,550		6,107 6,107		26,443 26,443
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			25,247	\$	25,247
Beginning fund balance						80,445		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	105,692		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

COUNTY CLERK PRESERVATION FEES

		Budgeted Amo			Amounts Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues									
Fines and fees		\$	172,266	\$	204,775	\$	204,775	\$	
	Total Revenues		172,266		204,775		204,775		
Expenditures									
General government			172,266		204,775		198,598		6,177
Ç	Total Expenditures		172,266		204,775		198,598		6,177
Net Cha	ange in Fund Balance	\$		\$			6,177	\$	6,177
Beginning fund balance							535,657		
1	Ending Fund Balance					\$	541,834		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW LIBRARY

	Budgeted	Amo			Actual	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	A	mounts	<u>(N</u>	legative)
Revenues Other revenues	\$ 11,390	\$	11,390	\$	27,341	\$	15,951
Total Revenues	11,390		11,390		27,341		15,951
Expenditures Administration of justice Total Expenditures	 25,521 25,521		25,521 25,521		21,352 21,352		4,169 4,169
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (14,131)	\$	(14,131)		5,989	\$	20,120
Beginning fund balance Ending Fund Balance				<u> </u>	22,015		·
					- ,		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURT SECURITY FEES

			Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive [egative]
Revenues		¢	29.269	¢	29.269	¢	25.965	Φ.	(2, 402)
Fines and fees	Total Revenues	\$	28,268 28,268	\$	28,268 28,268	\$	25,865 25,865	\$	(2,403)
Expenditures									
Public safety			28,268		28,268		1,365		26,903
	Total Expenditures		28,268		28,268		1,365		26,903
Net Ch	nange in Fund Balance	\$		\$			24,500	\$	24,500
Beginning fund balance							33,639		
	Ending Fund Balance					\$	58,139		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JURY

		Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts	Fin 1	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)
Revenues		011811111						(eguez (e)
Taxes	\$	391,834	\$	391,834	\$	395,823	\$	3,989
Fines and fees	7	101,800	_	101,800	_	94,965	_	(6,835)
Other revenues		12,000		12,000		8,398		(3,602)
Total Revenues		505,634		505,634	-	499,186		(6,448)
Expenditures Administration of justice		505,634		641,099		625,794		15,305
Total Expenditures		505,634		641,099		625,794		15,305
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures				(135,465)		(126,608)		8,857
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out)		-		(304,101)		(54,596)		249,505
Total Other Financing (Uses)		-		(304,101)		(54,596)		249,505
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(168,636)		(181,204)	\$	(12,568)
Beginning fund balance						236,811		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	55,607		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISPATCHERS

			Budgeted	l Amo	unts	Actual	Fina	nce with I Budget ositive
		(Original		Final	 Amounts	(Ne	gative)
Revenues Intergovernm	ental	\$	191,387	\$	191,387	\$ 190,626	\$	(761)
	Total Revenues		191,387		191,387	190,626		(761)
Expenditures Public safety	Total Expenditures		191,387 191,387		191,387 191,387	 190,626 190,626		761 761
	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	_	_	\$	_
Beginning fund b		Ψ		Ψ		\$ - - -	y	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LATERAL ROADS

			Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Actual Amounts	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
Danamasa			Original		Tillar	 inounts		(tegative)
Revenues Intergovernmental		\$	36,624	\$	36,624	\$ 36,580	\$	(44)
	Total Revenues		36,624		36,624	36,580		(44)
Expenditures Public transportation	Total Expenditures	_	260,744 260,744		260,744 260,744	<u>-</u>		260,744 260,744
Net Cha	ange in Fund Balance	\$	(224,120)	\$	(224,120)	36,580	\$	260,700
Beginning fund balance						127,479		
1	Ending Fund Balance					\$ 164,059		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUSTICE COURT TECHNOLOGY

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Fina	ance with Il Budget ositive
		Original		Final	mounts		egative)
Revenues		71 Igiliui		1 mui	 mounts	(111	-garre)
Intergovernmental	\$	4,913	\$	4,913	\$ 8,270	\$	3,357
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	4,913	<u> </u>	4,913	 8,270		3,357
Expenditures							
Administration of justice		14,913		14,913	13,150		1,763
Total Expenditures		14,913		14,913	13,150		1,763
(Deficiency) of Revenues							
(Under) Expenditures		(10,000)		(10,000)	 (4,880)		5,120
Other Fire and Comment (Hear)							
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		10.000		10.000	4 000		(5.120)
Transfers in		10,000		10,000	 4,880		(5,120)
Total Other Financing Sources		10,000		10,000	 4,880		(5,120)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	_	\$	_	_	\$	_
1 tet Change in 1 and Dalance	Ψ		Ψ			Ψ	
Beginning fund balance					-		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ _		
_							

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ELECTION EQUIPMENT

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	Actual mounts	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues Other revenue	Total Revenues	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 4,320 4,320	\$	(5,680)
Expenditures General government		22,125		22,125	22,125		_
	Total Expenditures	22,125		22,125	22,125		
Net Cha	ange in Fund Balance	\$ (12,125)	\$	(12,125)	(17,805)	\$	(5,680)
Beginning fund balance					 42,952		
1	Ending Fund Balance				\$ 25,147		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JAG PROGRAM

		Bud Origin	dgeted al	ints Final	Actual mounts	Variand Final B Posi (Nega	Budget tive
Revenues Intergovernmental Total	tal Revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 30,100 30,100	\$ 30,100 30,100	\$	-
Expenditures Capital outlay Total E	Expenditures		<u>-</u>	30,100	30,100 30,100		<u>-</u>
Net Change in F	und Balance	\$		\$ 	-	\$	
Beginning fund balance							
Ending F	und Balance				\$ 		

HARDIN COUNTY, TEXAS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SHERIFF OFFICE DISPATCH

For the Y	ear Ended	September	30, 2019
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	Bu	dgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Fin	riance with al Budget Positive
	Origin	al	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Other revenues	\$	-	\$	125,805	\$	105,641	\$	(20,164)
Total Revenues				125,805		105,641		(20,164)
Expenditures								
Public safety				125,805		105,641		20,164
Total Expenditures				125,805		105,641		20,164
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$			-	\$	
Beginning fund balance								
Ending Fund Balance					\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CA PRE-TRIAL DIVERSION

		Budgeted Original	l Amo	unts Final	Actual mounts	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive [egative]
Revenues Intergovernmental		\$ 23,389	\$	38,070	\$ 50,600	\$	12,530
	Total Revenues	 23,389		38,070	 50,600	-	12,530
Expenditures General government		23,389		38,070	26,377		11,693
-	Total Expenditures	23,389		38,070	26,377		11,693
Net Cha	ange in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$		24,223	\$	24,223
Beginning fund balance					 29,446		
1	Ending Fund Balance				\$ 53,669		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Ele	cted Officials	 District Attorney Seizure	,	Juvenile Probation	Adult Probation		
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,870,342	\$ 115,352	\$	47,290	\$	626,352	
Receivables					58,830		782	
Total Assets	\$	2,870,342	\$ 115,352	\$	106,120	\$	627,134	
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to other units	\$	2,870,342	\$ 115,352	\$	106,120	\$	627,134	
Total Liabilities	\$	2,870,342	\$ 115,352	\$	106,120	\$	627,134	

Total Agency Funds	
\$	3,659,336
	59,612
\$	3,718,948
Φ.	2.510.040
\$	3,718,948
\$	3,718,948